




Multi-proxy reconstruction of Eastern Alpine Holocene climate

Progetto d'Interesse "NextDATA"
topic 6



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 Archivi glaciali e terrestri

- ★ Ice core
- Peat bog



The image shows a topographic map of the Alps region. Two red stars indicate the locations of ice cores, and two yellow dots indicate the locations of peat bogs. The map shows the mountain ranges, valleys, and surrounding regions.





Vedretta Alta dell'Ortles

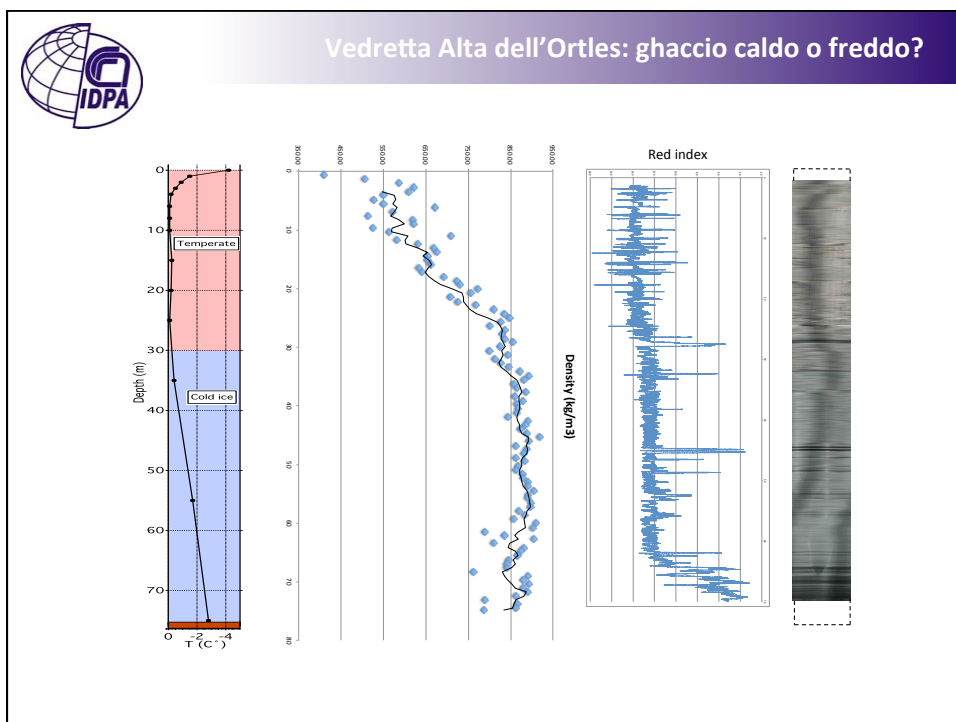


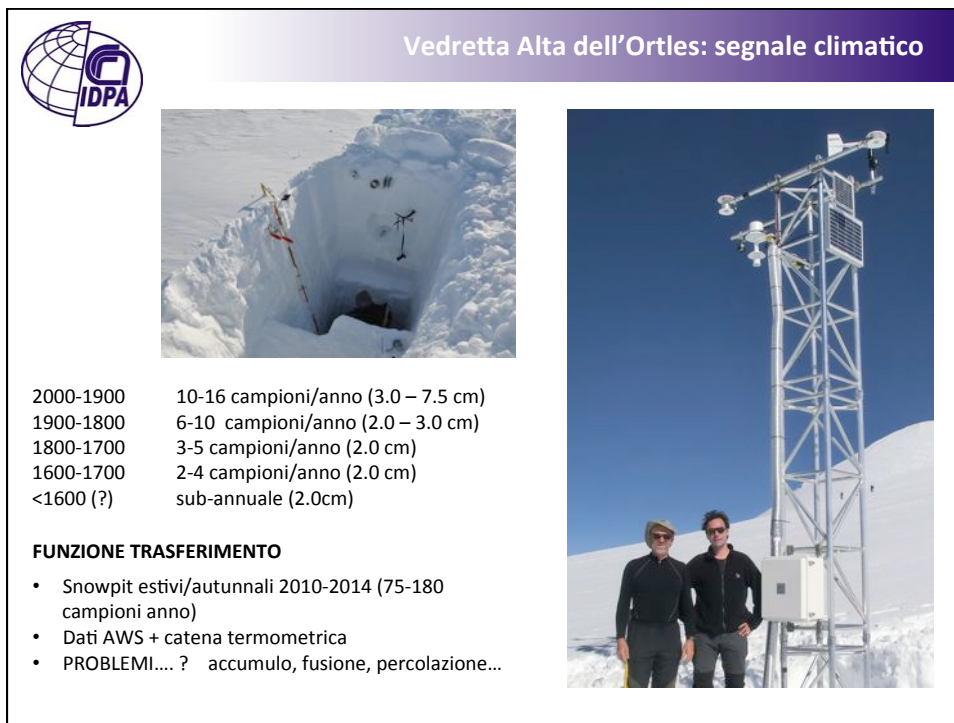
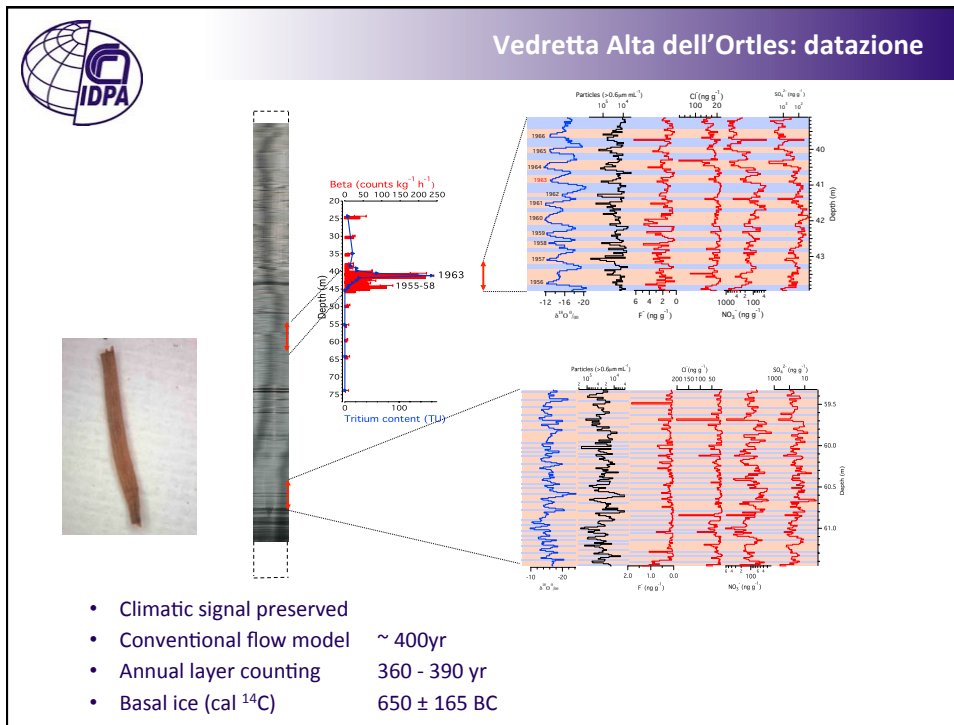

Vedretta Alta

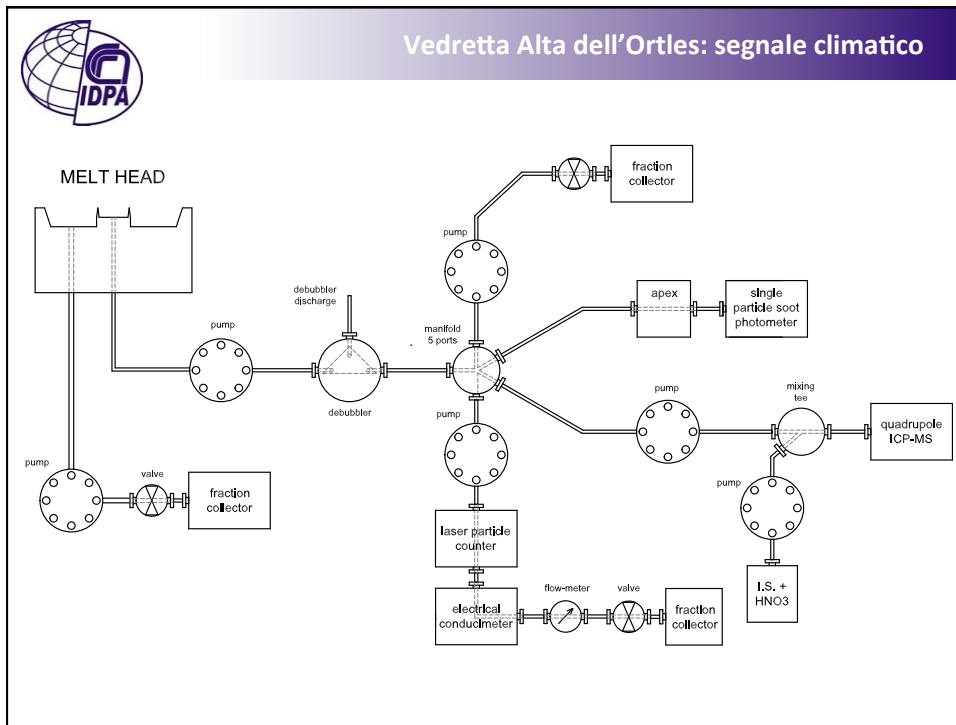
Surface (2006): 105 ha
 Maximum elevation: 3905 m
 Minimum elevation: 3018 m
 Average elevation: 3535 m
 Exposure: NW
 Average slope: 29°


Climatology

Precipitation (valley floor, 1900 m): **750 mm y⁻¹**
 Annual air temperature (3850 m): **-9°C**













Colle Gnifetti, Monte Rosa

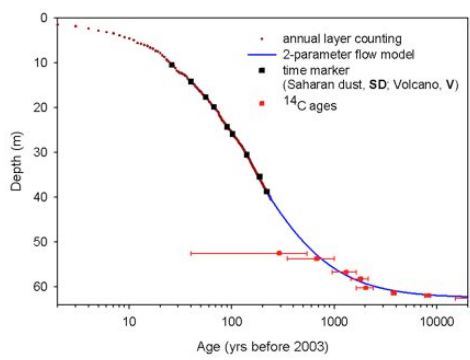





- Italian-Swiss border
- GPS 45°55'50.4"N, 07°52'33.5"E
- 4455 m a.s.l.
- Borehole T between -14.0 to -12.5°C
- Low accumulation (0.32 m w.eq./y)
- 2 parallel cores (81m)
- Mainly summer snow
- Close - off 35.5 m



Colle Gnifetti: datazione



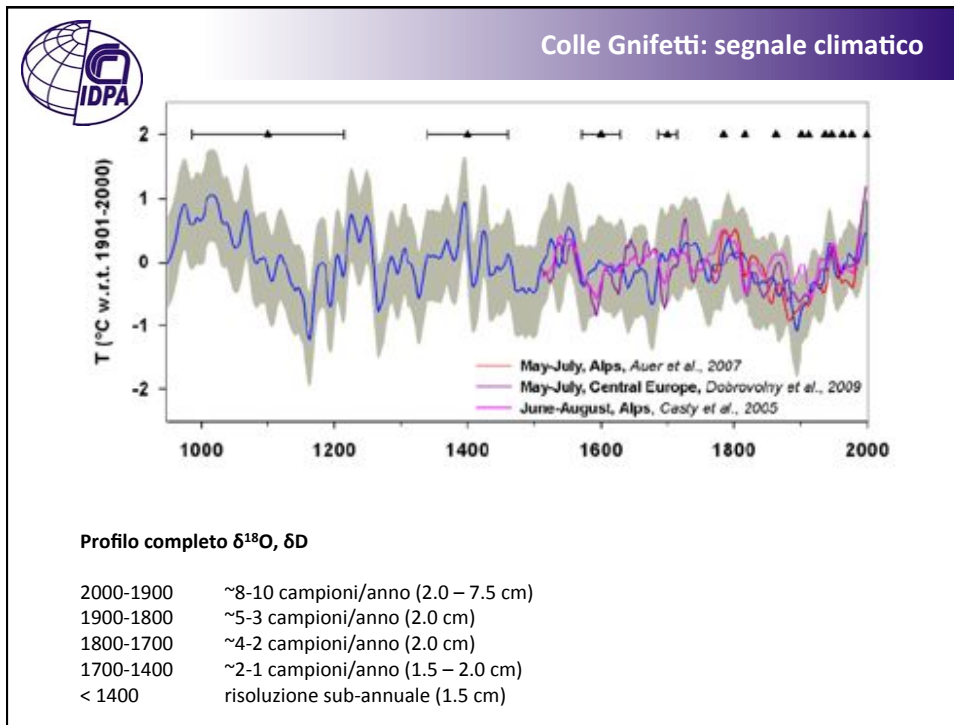
Orizzonti stratigrafici (n=10)

18.85	1977 sahariana
24.45	1963 picco ³ H, ²³⁹ Pu
29.21	1947 sahariana
32.00	1936 sahariana
37.31	1912 tephra vulcanico (Katmai)
39.20	1901 sahariana
44.39	1863 sahariana
49.81	1815 tephra vulcanico (Tambora)
53.52	1783 tephra vulcanico (Laki)
70.20	1259 tephra vulcanico ???

Conteggio strati annuali fino al 1766

Date al ¹⁴C su particolato organico (n=5), test su GRIP e QUELCAJA

67.83	1673±120	¹⁴ C
68.79	1463±160	¹⁴ C
70.13	1223±190	¹⁴ C
73.46	798±245	¹⁴ C
75.14	333±250	¹⁴ C



Colle Gnifetti: segnale climatico

FUNZIONE TRASFERIMENTO

- Diversi tentativi...
- Snowpit 2010, 2011 ... (325 campioni)
- AWS Capanna Margherita (ARPA Piemonte)
- PROBLEMI... accumulo!

Clim. Past, 10, 1093–1108, 2014
 www.clim-past.net/10/1093/2014/
 doi:10.5194/cp-10-1093-2014
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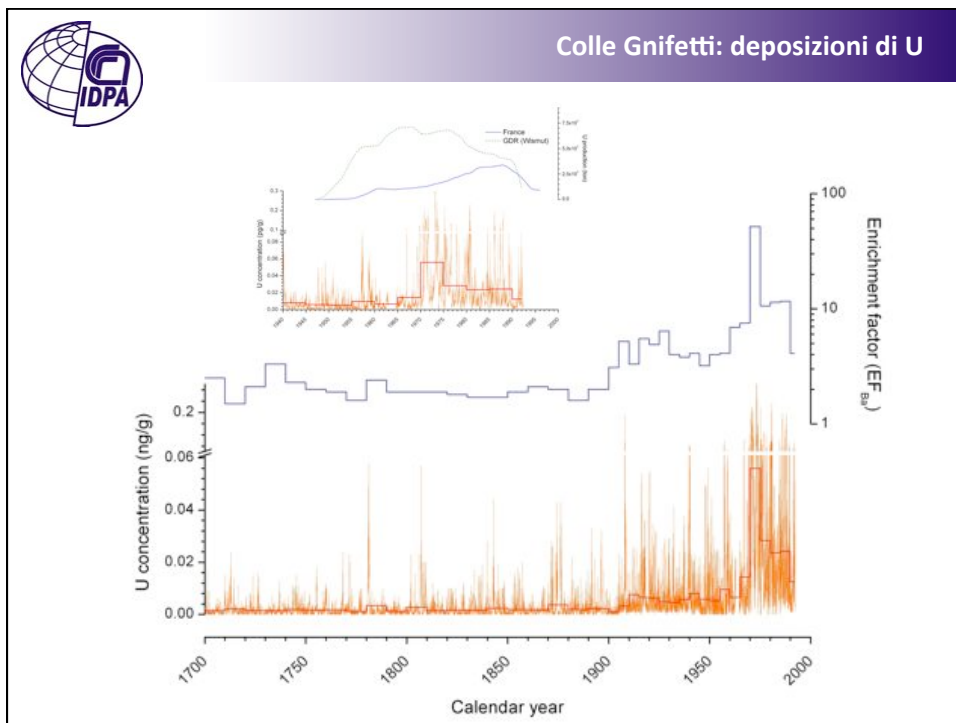
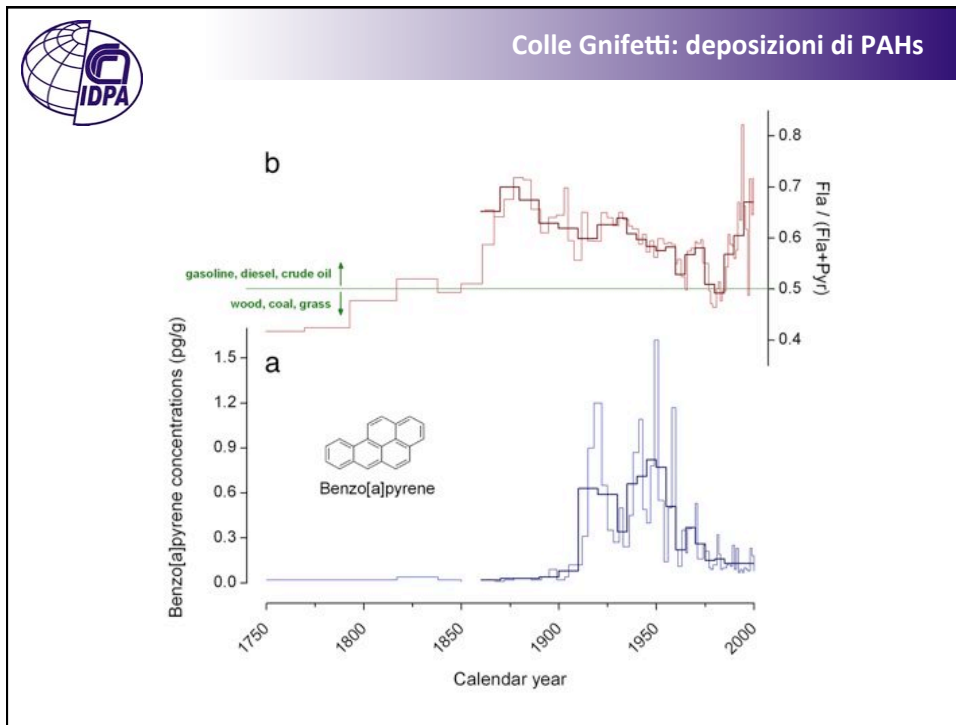
Climate of the Past
 OPEN ACCESS

Temperature and precipitation signal in two Alpine ice cores over the period 1961–2001

I. Mariani^{1,2}, A. Eichler^{1,2}, T. M. Jenk^{1,2}, S. Brönnimann^{3,4}, R. Auchmann^{2,3}, M. C. Leuenberger^{2,4}, and M. Schwikowski^{1,2,5}

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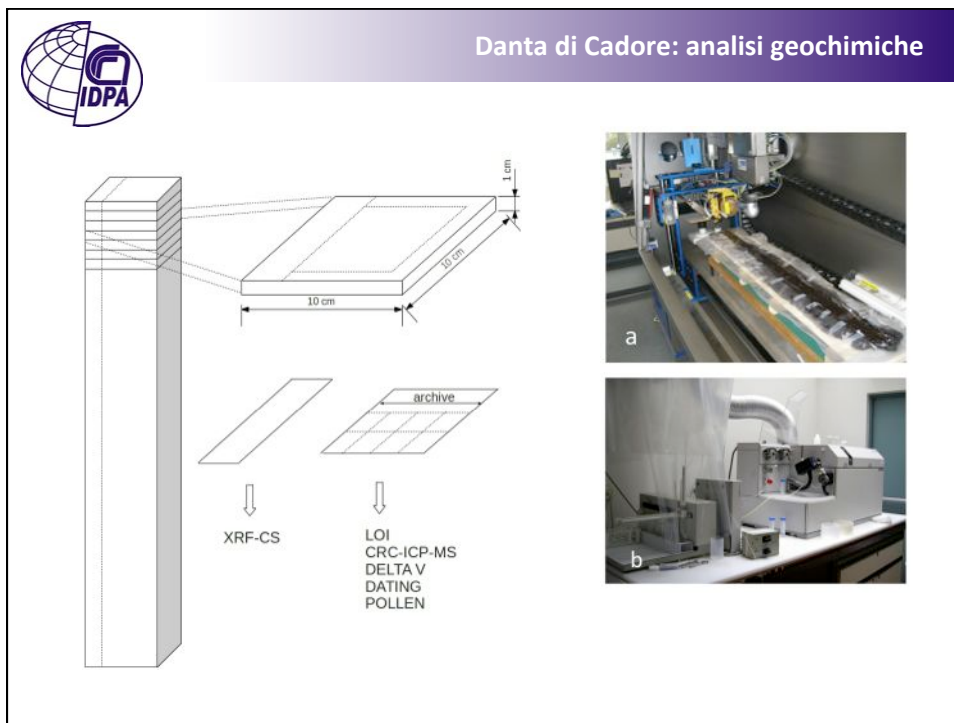
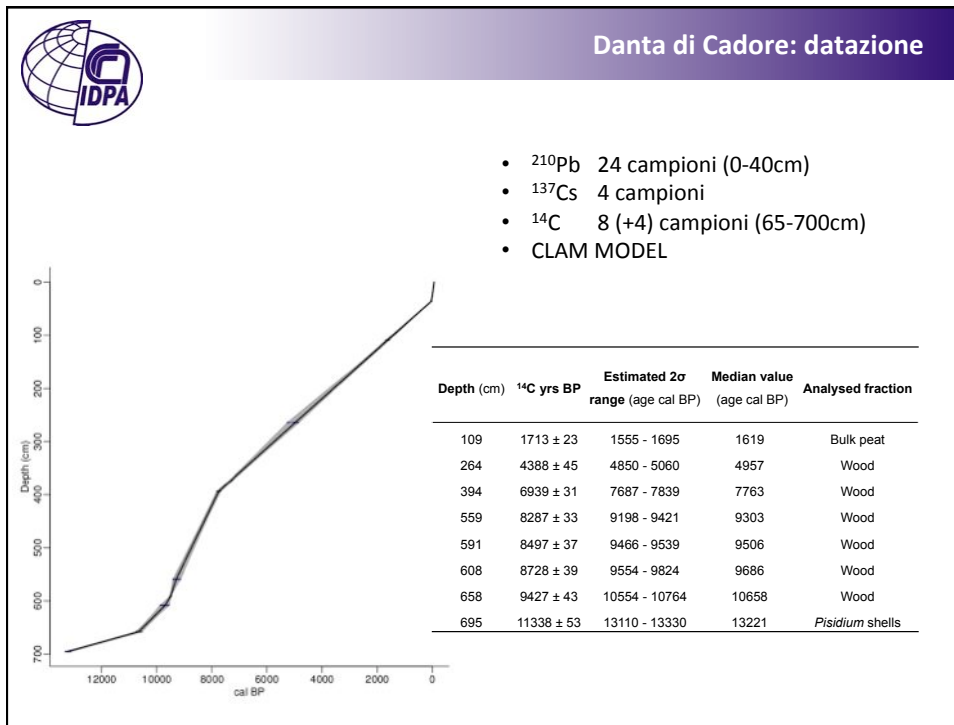


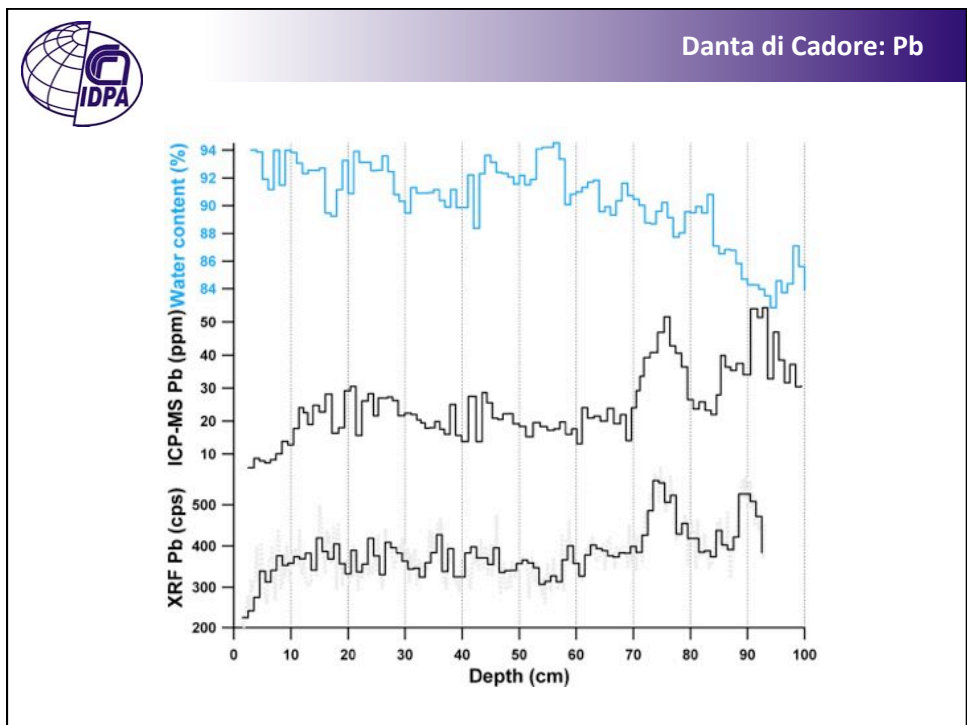
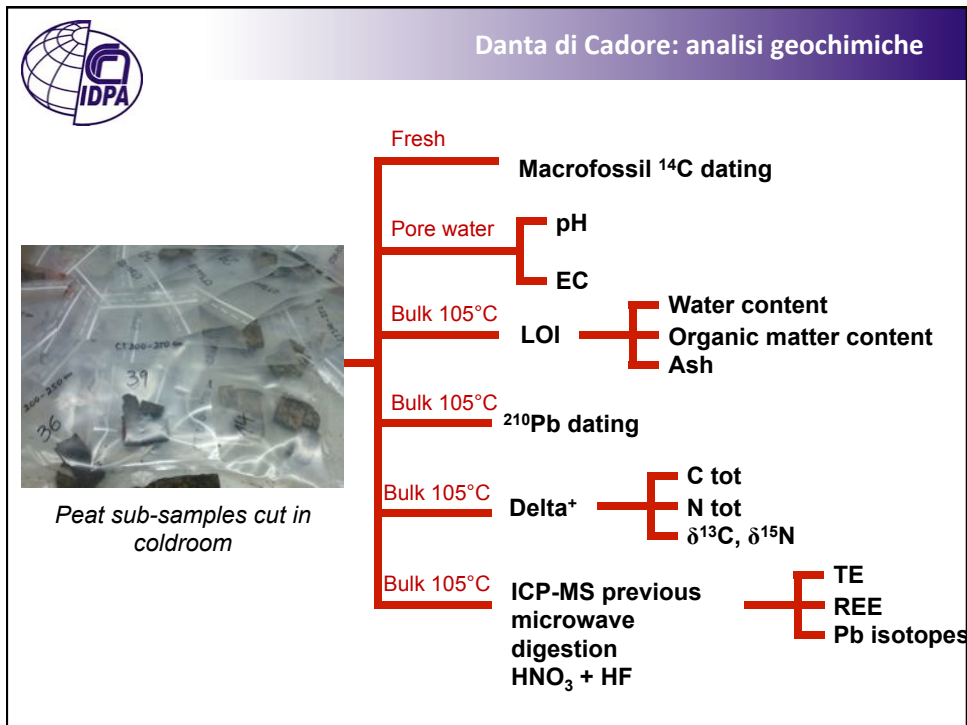


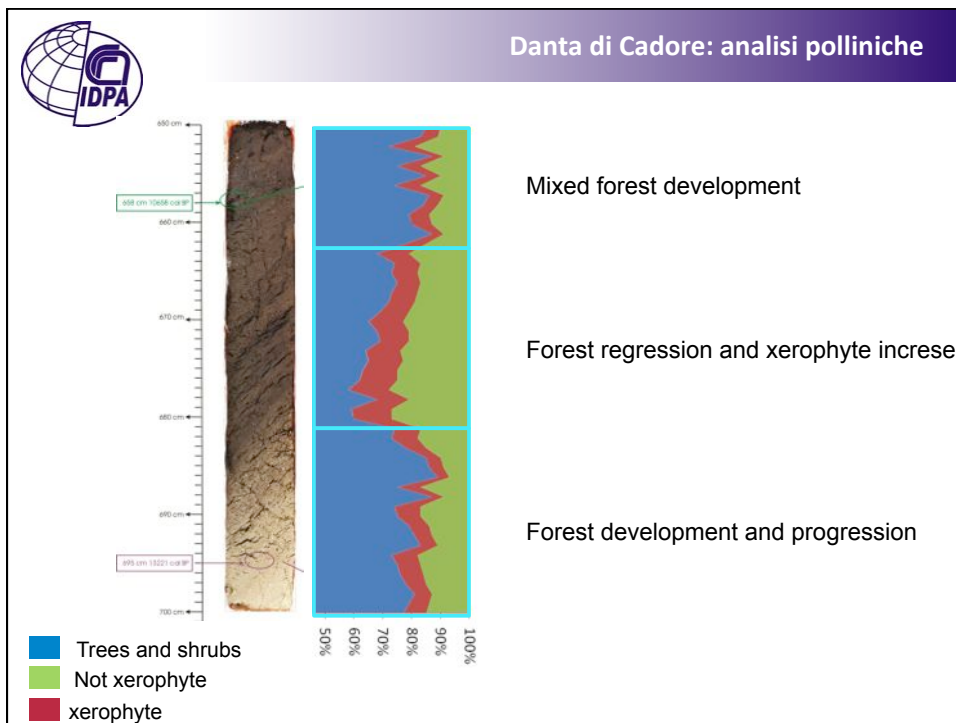
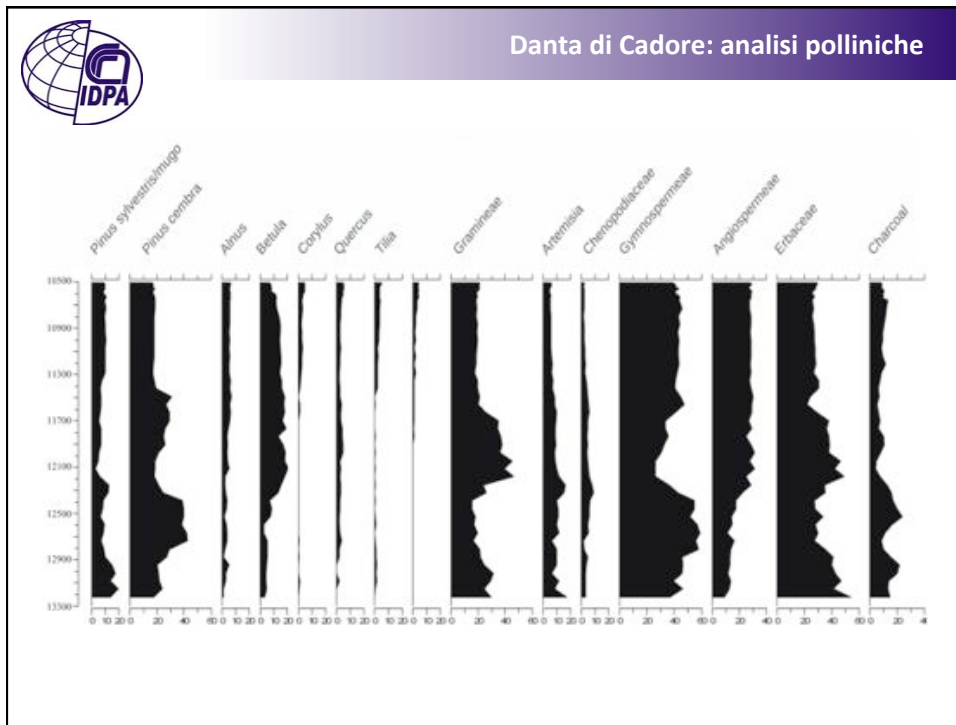
 Torbiere di Danta di Cadore e Coltrondo

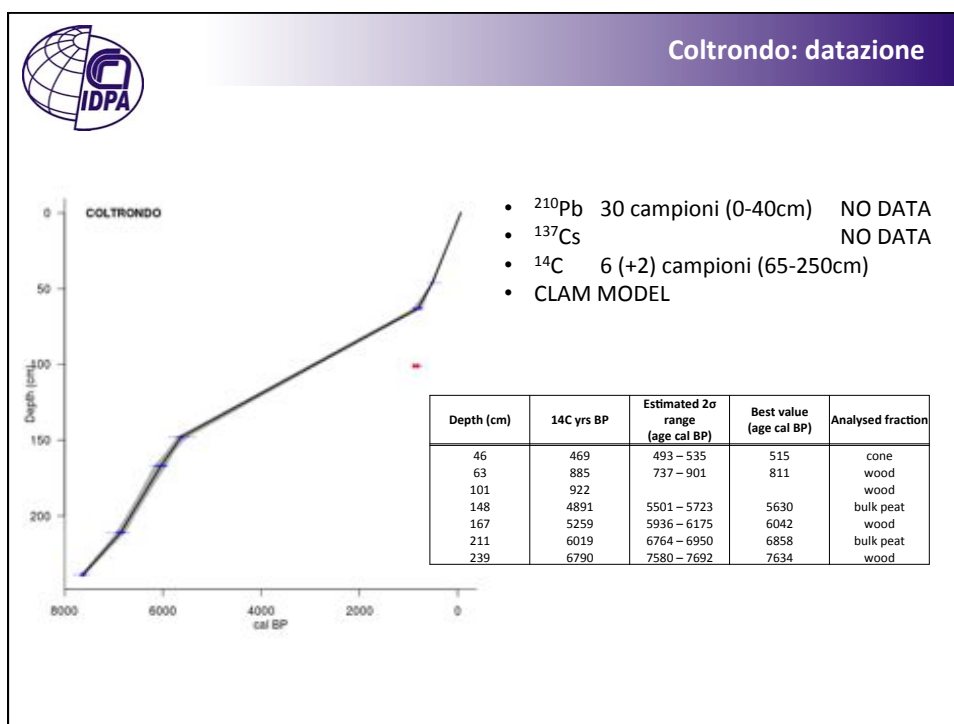


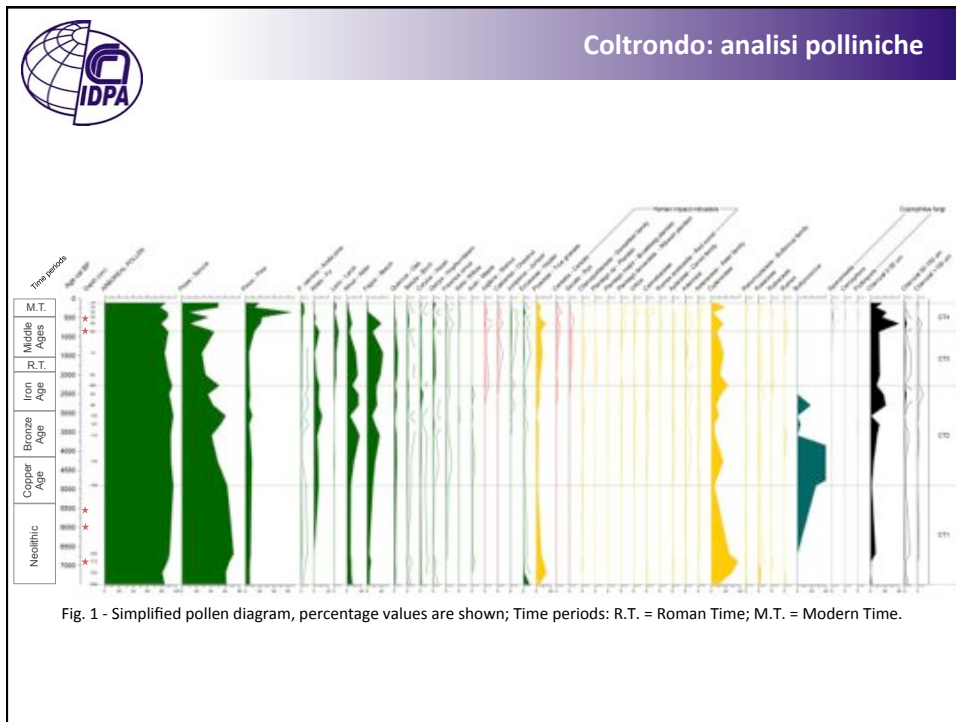
The slide contains a title bar with the IDPA logo and the text 'Torbiere di Danta di Cadore e Coltrondo'. Below the title bar, there is a satellite map of the study area with a yellow dot indicating the location. A large landscape photograph shows a peat bog in a forested area. A grid of seven smaller photographs (a-g) shows field activities: (a) a wide view of the bog, (b) a close-up of the bog surface, (c) a metal frame, (d) a metal frame, (e) a person working with a green tarp, (f) a person working with a green tarp, and (g) a person working with a green tarp.













Nuovi "proxy" climatici ???



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Carbon and oxygen isotope composition of Sphagnum cellulose and their dependence on temperature and precipitation in a Scandinavian mire (Kiruna, northern Sweden)

Stable isotopes and organic geochemistry in peat: Tools to investigate past hydrology, temperature and biogeochemistry

ERIN L. McCLYMONT¹, E. PENDALL² AND J. NICHOLS³
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²Department of Botany and Program in Ecology, University of Wyoming, USA; ³NASA Goddard Institute for Space Studies, New York, USA

Characterizing the stable isotope and biomarker geochemistry of peat cores enables reconstruction of key climatic and environmental variables in the past, including temperature, hydrology and the cycling of carbon.

PAGES news • Vol 18 • No 1 • April 2010

Nuovi "proxy" climatici ???






- Elemental analyzer (COSTECH)
- Thermo ConFLOW V

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The “drilling team”



Grazie per l'attenzione!

